



Tula Deluxe Email

Client Configuration Guide

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Email Configuration

This guide explains how to configure a few of the most popular email programs to access your email account using the POP or IMAP protocol. The following topics are discussed:

- Process overview—This section is provided for novice users and includes a preparation checklist.
- Email programs—This section is presented in alphabetical order and includes:
 - MAC OS.X Mail
 - MSOutlook Express
 - MSOffice Outlook 2007
 - Thunderbird
- SMTP
- SMTP authentication
- Setting SMTP ports

Email settings

More advanced users may want to refer to this list for the IMAP, POP, and SMTP settings. If you don't understand this list, don't worry; this document will walk you through all the steps to configuring your email program.

IMAP

Server: mail.*domainname*.com

Port: 143 or 993 (SSL)

Username: *full email address*

Password: *email password*

POP

Server: mail.*domainname*.com

Port: 110 or 995 (SSL)

Username: *full email address*

Password: *email password*

SMTP

Server: mail.*domainname*.com

Port: 25, 587, or 465 (SSL)

Username: *full email address*

Password: *email password*

If you have never set up an email account, we strongly recommend that you read the "[Process Overview](#)" before beginning.

If your particular email program is not covered in this guide, you can still use the "Process Overview" to complete your account set up. Set up varies from program to program but not by very much. You can also check your email program's information web site for specific set up instructions or contact your internet provider for assistance.

Process Overview

You have an internet / email account and have decided you want to download your email messages to your computer. This requires two basic things:

1. That your computer can communicate properly with the provider's server.
2. That the provider's server can recognize you in order to retrieve the right email messages and deliver them to you.

If this sounds daunting, don't be alarmed. You need only fill in two fields in order to tell your computer how to communicate with the provider's server, and then fill in two more fields to identify yourself. Depending on your program, there may be a few more fields to fill in but not many.

You also have to set your program to use SMTP authentication. This sounds technical but it is accomplished with just one click of the mouse.

Account set up wizards

Your email program has a component in it called a wizard. The wizard guides you through the process of entering the information required to set up your email account. (If you have ever installed software on your computer, you have used a wizard: a series of pages which prompt you to either accept default information or provide information such as your name and the product license key.)

The wizard allows you to back up screens and cancel the process at any point. Some program wizards even allow you to complete the account set up without all the required information. Remember though, you will have to add the missing information to the account at some point in order to retrieve and send email.

Anatomy of an email address

Your email address is made up of three parts:

<u>user name</u>	<u>domain</u>	<u>top-level domain</u>
johnsmith	@ provider	. com

The first part is unique to you - it is your user name. It uniquely identifies you within your service provider's "domain".

Your user name is separated from the second part by an ampersand symbol (@). The second part is the domain or host name, usually the company name of your provider.

The domain name is separated from the third part by a period (.) commonly referred to as a "dot". The third part is called a top-level domain (TLD) and is simply a level of organization to break up the Internet into manageable groupings within which to direct traffic.

(If you are interested in learning how domain names work, go to http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domain_name.)

Your email address is often synonymous with your login or user name. That is to say, you may identify yourself anywhere a password is required by typing your email address in a **username** field and your password in a **password** field. However, more often simply providing your username will suffice.

But there is an important exception so please keep reading.

Why is my email address important?

The reason we are taking the time to examine your email address is because you need to use it as your user name when setting up your email client. If you do not enter your full email address as your user name, the server returns an error when you try to connect.

You may only be required to use your username to log in to the various services provided to you, but when setting up your email client you must enter your full email address as your username.

Account information

These are the four main pieces of information provided to you by your provider.

Your user or login name	Please use your full email address.
Your password	Your password is likely assigned by your provider. You can usually change it later according to your ISP's policy.
incoming server	mail.<yourdomain>.<tld>
outgoing server	mail.<yourdomain>.<tld>

Note: The <> brackets denote a variable that will be replaced.

Your provider may have also indicated:

Server type or Email protocol	This is the protocol that the incoming server uses to deliver mail. The server type is either POP3 or IMAP.
--------------------------------------	---

Your software may or may not require this information. It is usually requested in order for your software to identify further options to offer you but we are not concerned with such settings.

If your provider has not explicitly listed Server/Protocol information, it might be found in the incoming server name if the name is either `pop.<yourdomain>.<tld>` or `imap.<yourdomain>.<tld>`.

Otherwise, contact your provider to retrieve this information or retrieve it from their customer support web page.

Account settings list

If your provider has not given you a hard copy or printable list of your account settings, you can fill-in the information in the following table in preparation for providing it to your software. When you set up your account, you'll want this information right in front of you.

Account name:	<i>This is not given to you by your provider. This is simply an identifier for you to label the account you are setting up. You should use something that describes the nature of the account like your name or the function of the account (e.g. Home Office)</i>
Your name (also called Display in Outlook):	<i>Your name. Keep in mind the format you want to use as this will often populate the From field in your outgoing message.</i>
User name (also called Login):	<i>Your email address: user@<yourdomain>.<tld>.</i>
Password:	<i>The password given to you by your provider.</i>
Incoming Server:	<i>The exact name of this server. For example: mail.<yourdomain>.<tld></i>
Outgoing Server:	<i>The exact name of this sever. For example: mail.<yourdomain>.<tld></i>
Server Type or Email Protocol	<i>POP3 (alternately referred to as POP in some software) or IMAP.</i>

Note: If your provider has given you more information than the above table contains, write it down as well. However, please note that this guide only addresses basic account setup.

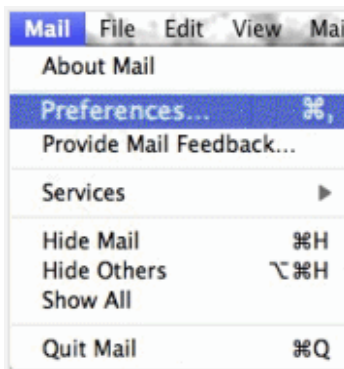
Email Programs

This document addresses the setup of some of the more widely-used email programs. What follows is an alphabetical ordering of email clients and the basic steps required to set up an account.

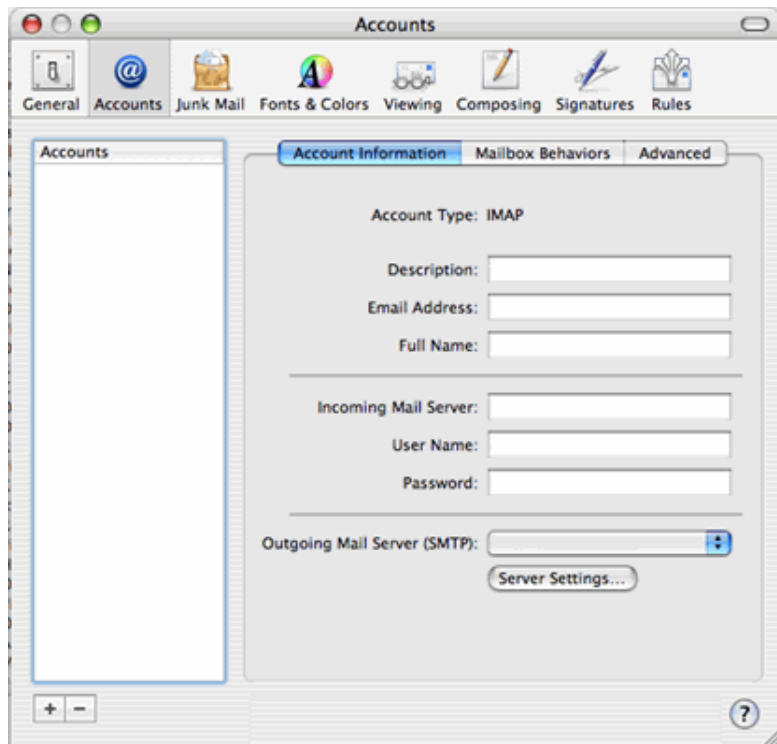
Mail (Mac OS.X)

The Mail wizard may attempt to verify the settings you enter during the setup process. Please make sure your computer is connected to the Internet during this process.

1. Open Mail.



2. From the **Mail** menu, choose **Preferences**.



3. Click the **+** button in the bottom left corner to add an account.

General Information

Account Type: POP

Account Description: POP Account

Full Name: JOHN SMITH

Email Address:

Cancel Continue

4. On the **Add Account** page, enter the following information:
 - a. Type your name in the **Full Name** field.
 - b. In the **Email Address** field, type the email address that was given to you by your provider.
 - c. In the **Password** field, type your password that was given to you by your provider.
5. Click **Continue**.

Incoming Mail Server

Incoming Mail Server:
Example: mail.example.com

User Name: JSMITH

Password:

Cancel Go Back Continue

6. On the **Incoming Mail Server** page, enter the following information:
 - a. From the drop-down list, choose the **Account Type**: IMAP or POP.
 - b. In the **Description** field, type a name or description for your account.
 - c. In the **Incoming Mail Server** field, type the name of the incoming server, which was given to you by your provider.
 - d. In the **User Name** field, type your user or account name. This is your full email address, which was given to you by your provider.
 - e. In the **Password** field, type the password for your account, which was also given to you by your provider.
7. Click **Continue**.



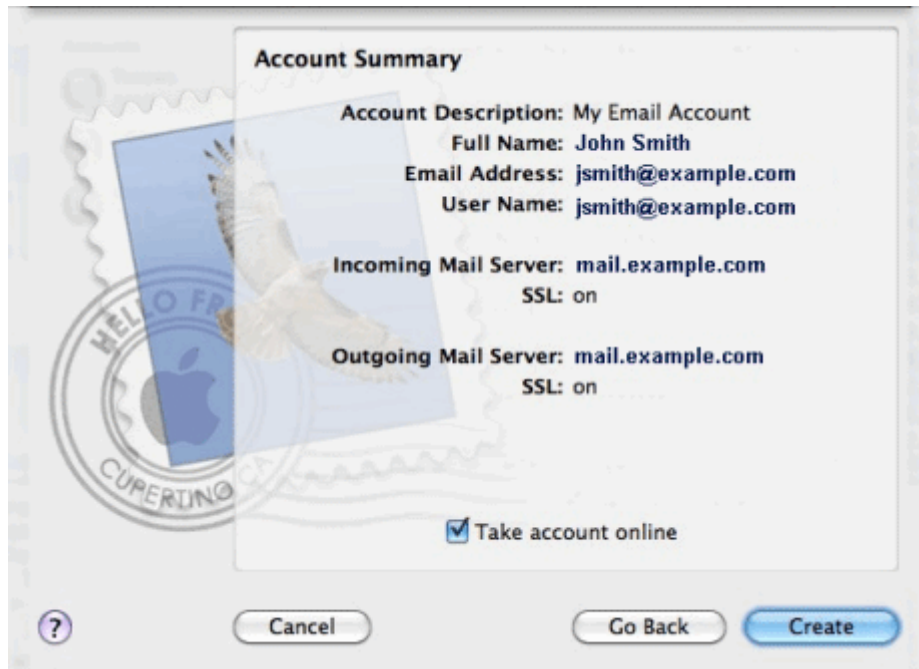
8. On the **Incoming Mail Security** page, choose **Password** from the **Authentication** drop-down list.

9. Click **Continue**.



10. On the **Outgoing Mail Server** page, enter the following information:
- In the **Description** field, enter a name for the mail server, for example, My SMTP server.
 - In the **Outgoing Mail Server** field, type the name of the outgoing server (supplied by your provider).
 - If the checkbox beside **Use only this server** displays a checkmark, click the box to remove the checkmark.
 - Click the **Use Authentication** checkbox to select it.
 - In the **User Name** field, type the user or account name that was given to you by your provider. (Remember, this is your full email address.)
 - In the **Password** field, type the password that was given to you by your provider.

11. Click **Continue**.



12. On the **Account Summary** page, click **Create**.

You should now be able to send and receive mail.

Note: If Mail is unable to communicate with the outgoing server, see "[SMTP authentication](#)" or contact your provider for assistance.

Outlook 2007 (MS Office)

You can use the following procedure to configure any version of Outlook. The 2007 screens are graphically different from previous versions but the required information is the same. Older versions of Outlook use multiple screens and steps to capture information contained in step 8.

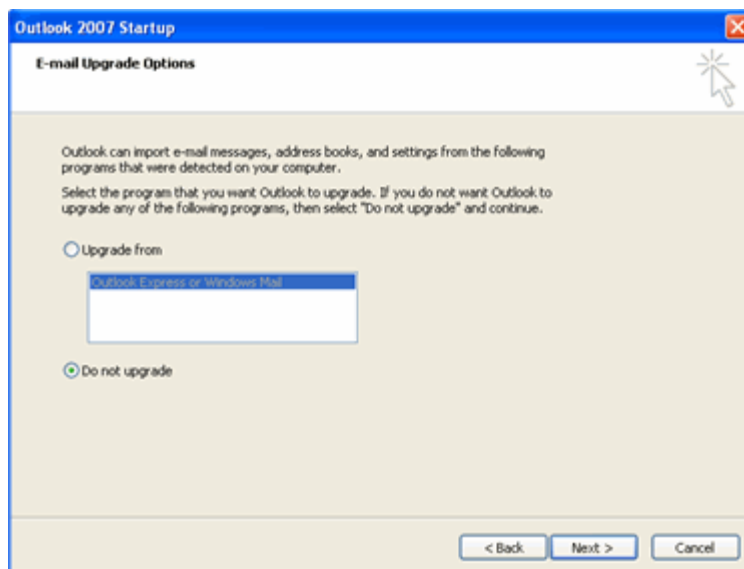
1. Open Outlook.

If there are no accounts currently configured in Outlook, the Startup wizard launches.

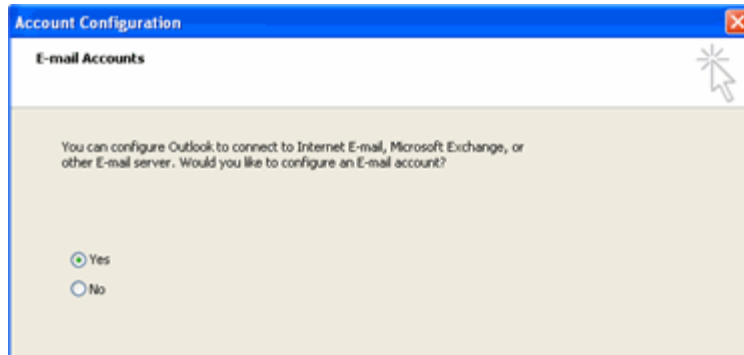


2. Click **Next**.

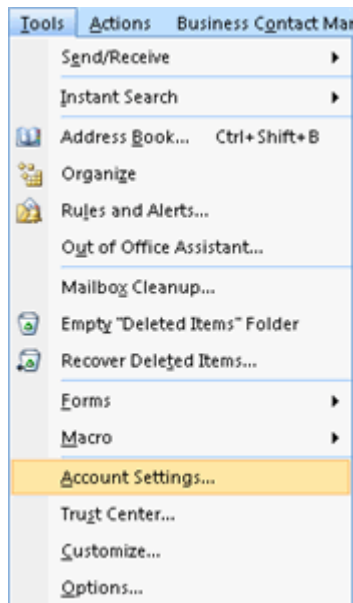
If you have another mail client on your computer, this page may open:



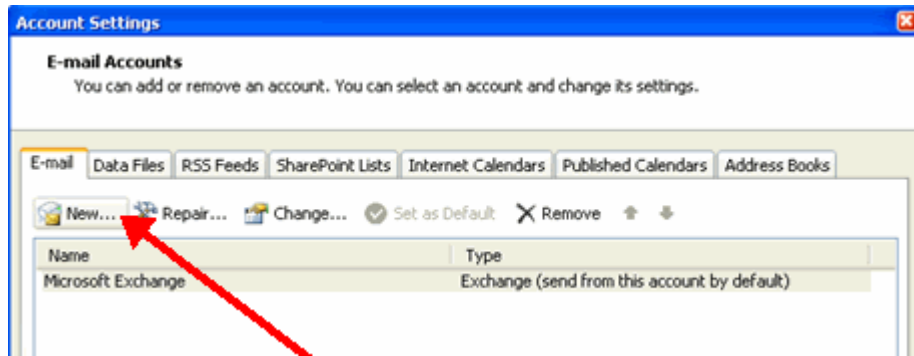
This guide does not cover importing settings. If you see the above page, select **Do not upgrade**, and then click **Next**.



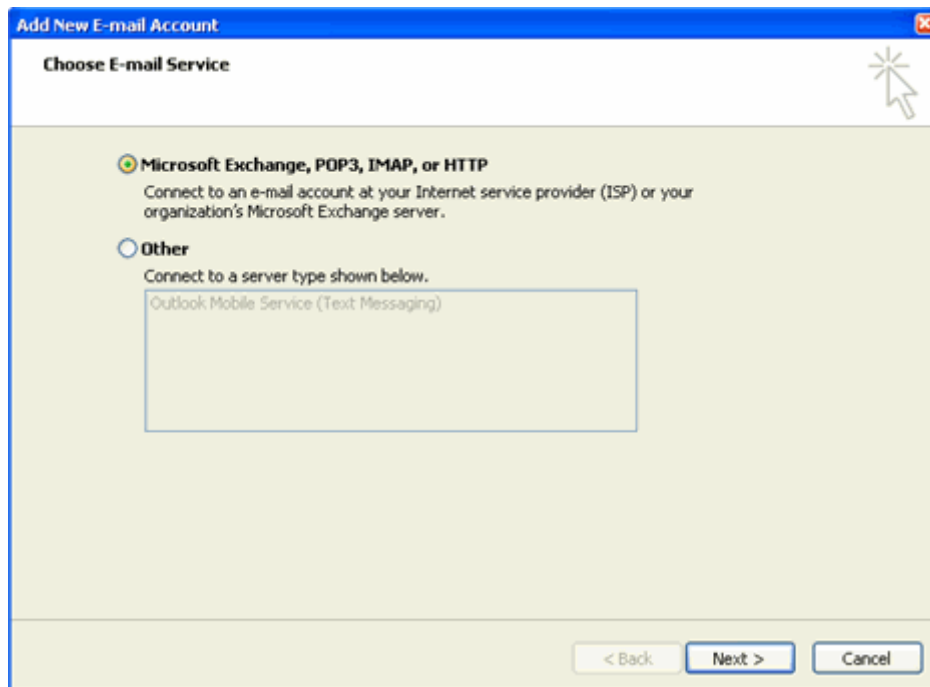
3. On the **Account Configuration** page, select **Yes**, and then click **Next**. Alternatively, you can open the Add Account Wizard by clicking the **Tools** menu and choosing the **Account Settings** option. (Older versions: **Accounts** option.)



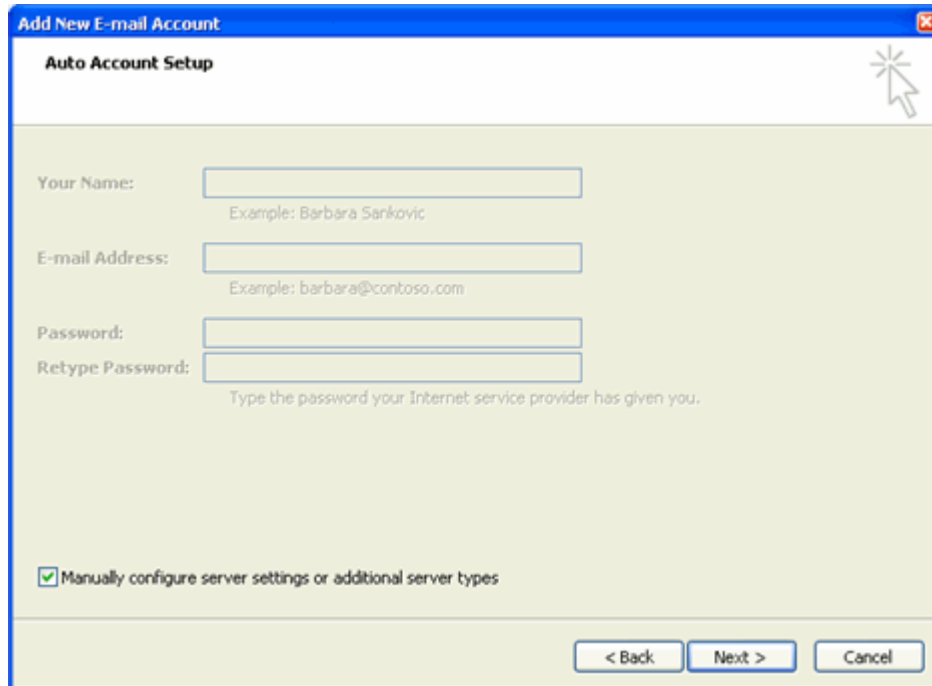
The **Account Settings** page opens with the E-mail tab showing:



4. Click the **New** button. (Older versions: Mail tab and **Add** button. Select mail and skip to Step 8.)

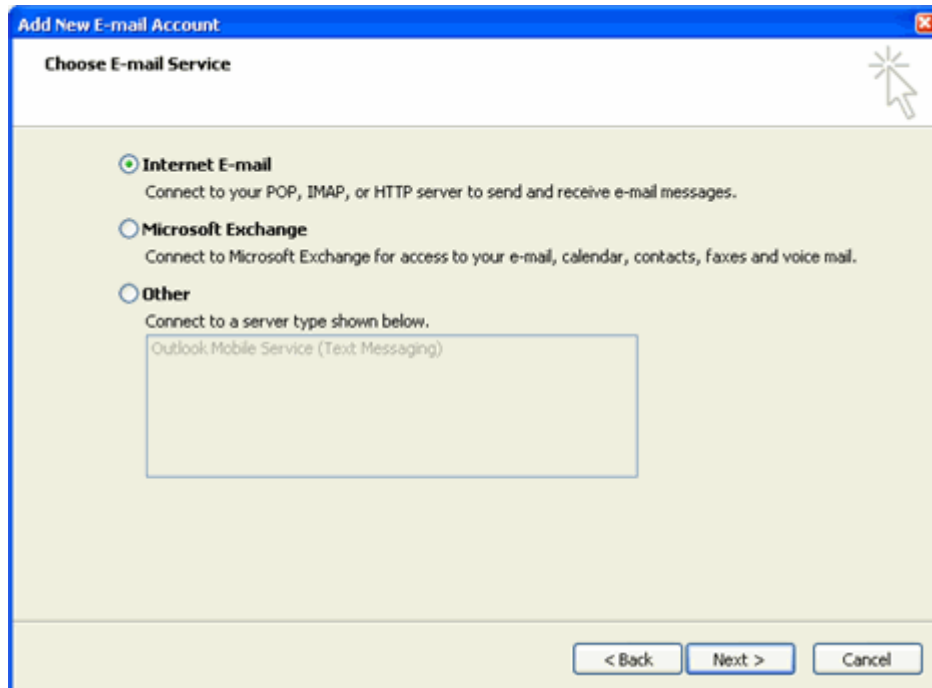


5. Click the **Microsoft Exchange, POP3, IMAP, or HTTP** option, and then click **Next**.



Note: This guide does not cover the Auto Account Setup function.

6. Click the **Manually configure server setting or additional server types** checkbox, and then click **Next**.



7. Click the **Internet E-mail** option, and then click **Next**.

Add New E-mail Account

Internet E-mail Settings
Each of these settings are required to get your e-mail account working.

User Information
Your Name: John Smith
E-mail Address: jsmith@provider.com

Server Information
Account Type: POP3
Incoming mail server: mail.provider.com
Outgoing mail server (SMTP): smtp.provider.com

Logon Information
User Name: jsmith@provider.com
Password: *****
 Remember password
 Require logon using Secure Password Authentication (SPA)

Test Account Settings
After filling out the information on this screen, we recommend you test your account by clicking the button below. (Requires network connection)
Test Account Settings ...

More Settings ...

< Back Next > Cancel

8. On the **Internet E-mail Settings** page, provide the following information:
 - a. Type your name in the **Your Name** field. (This is the **Display Name** field in older versions.)
 - b. In the **E-mail Address** field, type the email address that was given to you by your provider.
 - c. From the **Account Type** drop-down list, select POP3 or IMAP.
 - d. In the **Incoming mail server** field, type the address of the incoming mail server that your provider gave you.
 - e. In the **Outgoing mail server (SMTP)** field. type the address of the outgoing mail server that your provider gave you.
 - f. Type the user name given to you by your provider in the **User Name** field. (Remember, this is your full email address.)
 - g. In the **Password** field type the password that was given to you by your provider.
 - h. Click the **Remember password** checkbox if you want to select this option.
9. Click the **More Settings** button.
The **Internet E-mail Settings** page opens.
10. Click the **Outgoing Server** tab.
11. Ensure that the **My outgoing server (SMTP) requires authentication** checkbox is selected. If it is not, click to select it.
12. Ensure that the **Use same settings as my incoming server** is selected. If it is not, click on it to select it.

13. Click **OK**.

14. Click **Test Account Settings** to validate the information that you entered.

Note: If the test fails, double-check the information that you input. If the information is correct, try the test again. If you see an SMTP or outgoing server error, see "[SMTP authentication](#)". Otherwise, contact your provider for assistance.

15. Click **Next**.

16. Older versions only: select a connection method:

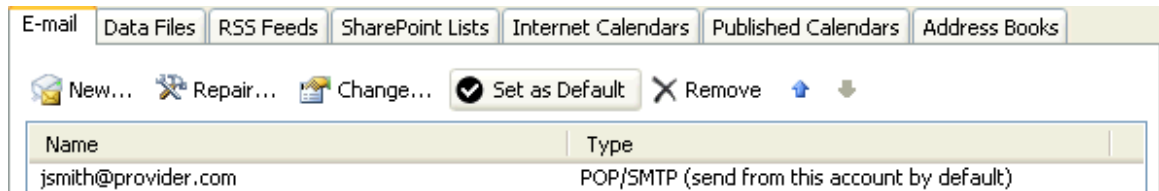
- **Connect using my phone line** if you dial-up your provider.
- **Connect using my local area network (LAN)** for all other methods.

17. Click **Finish**.

You are returned to the **Account Settings** page.

Note: If you have multiple accounts configured in Outlook 2007, you should set this or another account as the default account. Continue with the following steps to set a default account.

- Click on the account you want to set as the default account.
- Click the **Set as Default** button.

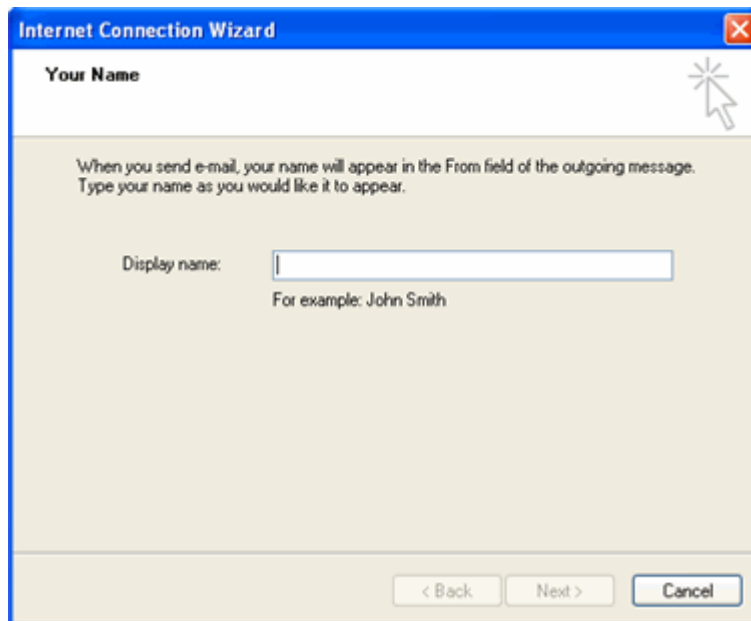


18. Click **Close**.

Outlook Express

This procedure can be used to configure all o/s versions of Express.

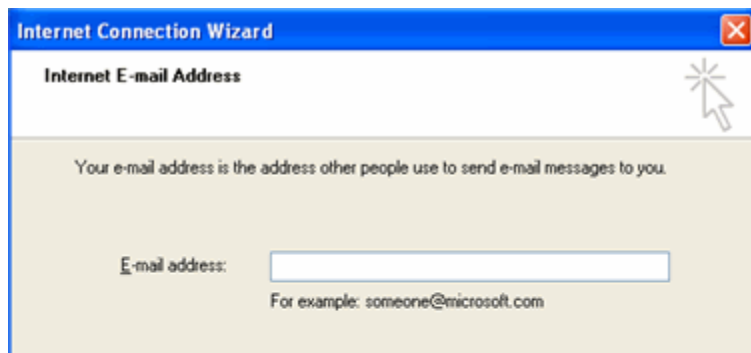
1. Open Outlook Express.
2. Do one of the following:
 - Click the **Tools** menu and then select the **Accounts** option.
 - Click the **Set up a Mail** account link in the splash screen if it is available.



The screenshot shows the 'Your Name' step of the Internet Connection Wizard. The window title is 'Internet Connection Wizard'. The main heading is 'Your Name'. Below the heading, there is a text box for the display name. The text inside the text box is empty. Below the text box, it says 'For example: John Smith'. At the bottom of the window, there are three buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel'. A mouse cursor is pointing at the 'Next >' button.

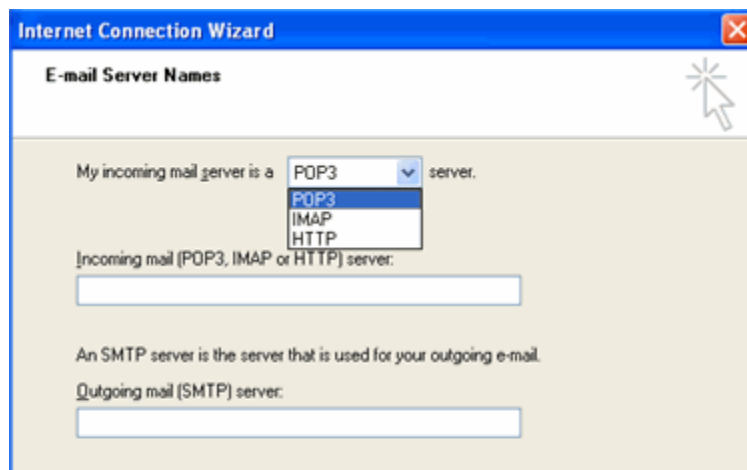
3. Type your name in the **Display name** field, and then click **Next**.

Note: **Display name** is the name that will populate the **From** field in your outgoing mail.

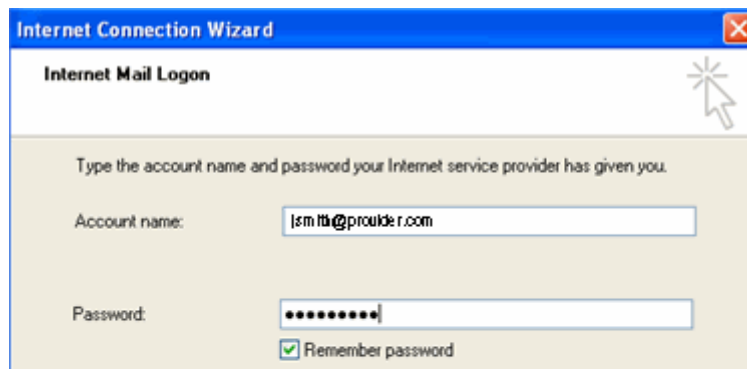


The screenshot shows the 'Internet E-mail Address' step of the Internet Connection Wizard. The window title is 'Internet Connection Wizard'. The main heading is 'Internet E-mail Address'. Below the heading, there is a text box for the e-mail address. The text inside the text box is empty. Below the text box, it says 'For example: someone@microsoft.com'. At the bottom of the window, there are three buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel'. A mouse cursor is pointing at the 'Next >' button.

4. In the **E-mail Address** field, type the email address that was given to you by your provider, and then click **Next**.



5. From the **My incoming mail server is a** drop-down list, select POP3 or IMAP.
6. Provide the following information:
 - a. Type the incoming server name given to you by your provider in the **Incoming mail (POP3, IMAP or HTTP) server** field.
 - b. Type the outgoing server name given to you by your provider in the **Outgoing mail (SMTP) server** field.
7. Click **Next**.



8. On the **Internet Mail Logon** page, provide the following information:
 - a. Type your user or account name given to you by your provider in the **Account name** field. (Remember, this is your full email address.)
 - b. Type the password given to you by your provider in the **Password** field.
 - c. Ensure that the **Remember password** checkbox is selected.
9. Click **Next**, and then click **Finish**.
Now you need to ensure that SMTP authentication is turned on.

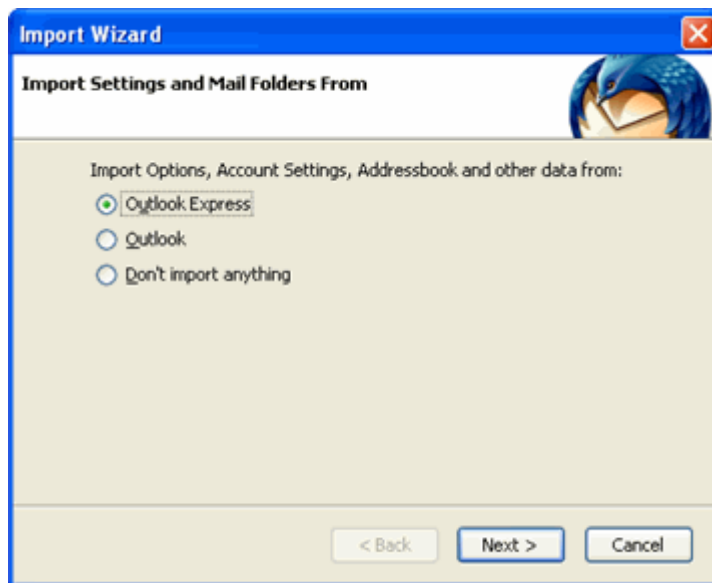
10. Click the **Tools** menu and select **Accounts**.
11. Click the **Mail** tab and highlight the account you just set up.
12. Click the **Properties** button.
13. Click the **Servers** tab.
14. Go to the **Outgoing Mail Server** section at the bottom, and click the **My server requires authentication** checkbox.
15. Click the **Settings** button.
16. Make sure that the **Use same settings as my incoming mail server** option is selected. If it is not, click on it to select it.
17. Click **OK**, and then click **Apply**.
18. Click **OK**, and then click **Close**.

You should now be able to send and receive mail.

Note: If you see an SMTP or outgoing server error when you try to download your mail, see "[SMTP authentication](#)". Otherwise, contact your provider for assistance.

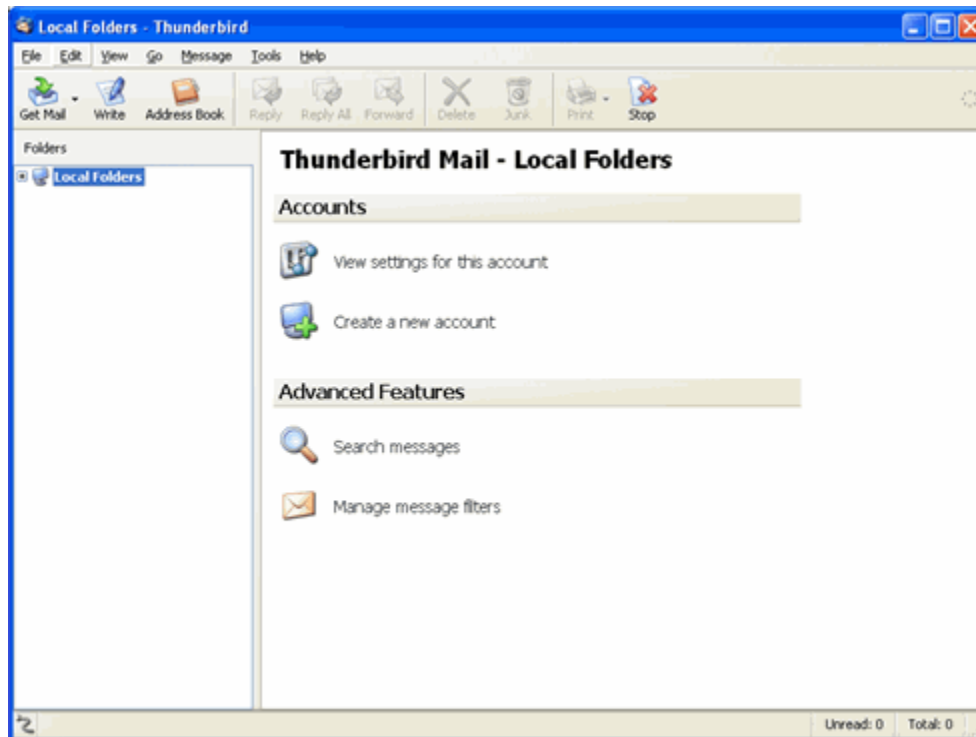
Thunderbird

1. Open Thunderbird.
If the **Import Wizard** page opens, select **Don't import anything**, then click **Next** and go to step 3.

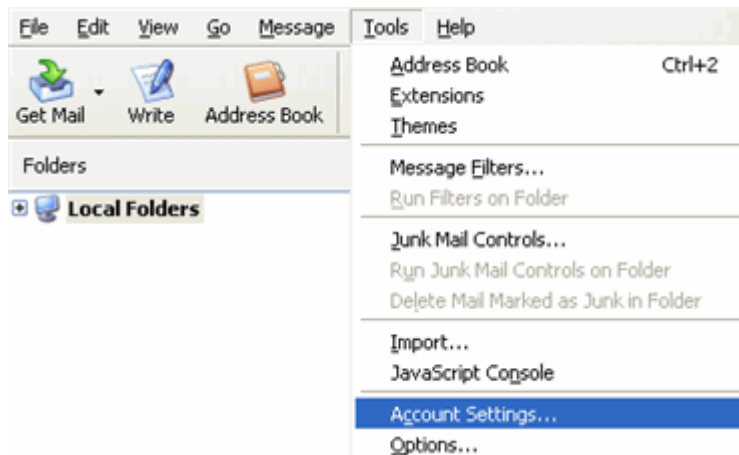


Note: This guide does not cover the Import Settings and Mail Folder From function.

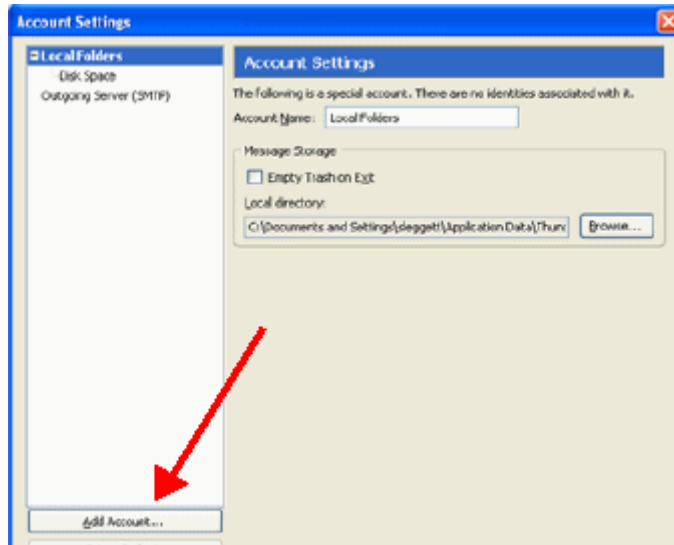
Optionally, when you open Thunderbird, the default splash screen appears.



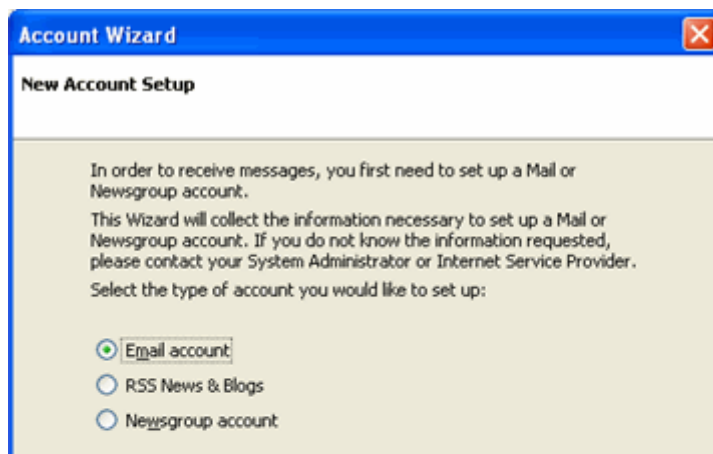
Click the **Create a new account** link.



If the Thunderbird Mail - Local Folder splash screen is not available to you, click the **Tools** menu and then select the **Account Settings** option.



2. Click the **Add Account** button.



3. Select the **Email account** option, and then click **Next**.

Account Wizard

Identity

Each account has an identity, which is the information that identifies you to others when they receive your messages.

Enter the name you would like to appear in the "From" field of your outgoing messages (for example, "John Smith").

Your Name:

Enter your email address. This is the address others will use to send email to you (for example, "user@example.net").

Email Address:

4. On the **Identity** page, provide the following information:
 - a. Type your name in the **Your Name** field.
 - b. Type the email address given to you by your provider in the **Email Address** field.
5. Click **Next**.

Account Wizard

Server Information

Select the type of incoming server you are using.

POP IMAP

Enter the name of your incoming server (for example, "mail.example.net").

Incoming Server:

Uncheck this checkbox to store mail for this account in its own directory. That will make this account appear as a top-level account. Otherwise, it will be part of the Local Folders Global Inbox account.

Use Global Inbox (store mail in Local Folders)

Enter the name of your outgoing server (SMTP) (for example, "smtp.example.net").

Outgoing Server:

6. Select **POP** or **IMAP** by clicking the option you want.
7. Provide the following information:
 - a. Type the name of the incoming server given to you by your provider in the **Incoming Server** field.
 - b. Select an option for **Use Global Inbox**.
 - c. Type the name of the outgoing server given to you by your provider in the **Outgoing Server** field, and then click **Next**.

8. Type your user or account name given to you by your provider in the **Incoming User Name** and **Outgoing User Name** fields, and then click **Next**. (Remember, this is your full email address.)

9. Type in a name or identifying description in the **Account Name** field, and then click **Next**.
10. Click **Finish**.
You now need to ensure that SMTP authentication is turned on.
11. Click the **Tool** menu, and then select **Account Settings**.
12. Select **Outgoing Server (SMTP)** in the directory tree.
13. Select the SMTP server for the account you just created, and then click the **Edit** button beside it.
14. On the **SMTP Server** page, ensure that the **Use name and password** checkbox is checked. If it is not, click the checkbox to select it.
15. If you had to click the checkbox, enter your user name in the **User Name** field. (Remember, this is your full email address.)
16. Click **OK**, and then click **Ok** again.

You should now be able to send and receive mail.

Note: If an SMTP or outgoing server error is returned when you try to download your mail, see "[SMTP authentication](#)". Otherwise, contact your provider for assistance.

SMTP

Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) is the method used to send your email. If you find you cannot send mail there are two things you can check:

- SMTP authentication
- SMTP ports

SMTP authentication

SMTP authentication simply means that your email client needs to pass your user name and password to the mail server in order to send mail.

Mail (Mac OS.X)

Mail's SMTP authentication can be set during account creation. If you followed the steps in this guide you should have turned SMTP authentication on.

1. From the **Mail** menu, choose **Preferences**.
2. Click **Accounts** in the menu bar.
3. Ensure that the **Account Information** tab is selected. If it is not already selected, click on the tab.
4. From the **Outgoing Mail Server (SMTP)** drop-down menu, choose **Edit SMTP Server List**.
5. Select the line that contains your email server name, and then click the **Advanced** tab
6. Click **Use default ports (25, 465, 487)**.
7. If there is a checkmark in the box labeled **Use Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)**, click the box to remove the checkmark.
8. From the **Authentication** drop-down list, choose **Password**.
9. Type your user name in the **User Name** field. (Remember, this is your full email address.)
10. Type your password in the **Password** field.
11. Click **OK**.
12. Close the **Accounts** page.

You should now be able to send and receive mail.

MSOffice Outlook 2007

1. Click the **Tools** menu, and then select **Account Settings**.
2. Double-click the account for which you want to edit the SMTP settings. The **Change E-mail Account** page opens.
3. Click **More Settings**.
4. Click the **Outgoing Server** tab.
5. Click the **My outgoing server (SMTP) requires authentication** checkbox.

6. Ensure that the **Use same settings as my incoming server** option is selected. If it is not, click to select it.
7. Click **OK**, and then click **Next**.
8. Click **Finish**, and then click **Close**.

MSOutlook Express

1. Click the **Tools** menu, and then select **Accounts**.
2. Click the **Mail** tab, and highlight the account for which you want to edit the SMTP settings.
3. Click the **Properties** button.
4. Click the **Servers** tab.
5. Go to the **Outgoing Mail Server** section at the bottom.
6. Click the **My server requires authentication** checkbox.
7. Click the **Settings** button.
8. Make sure the **Use same settings as my incoming mail server** option is selected. If it is not, click to select it.
9. Click **OK**, and then click **Apply**.
10. Click **OK**, and then click **Close**.

Thunderbird

1. Click the **Tool** menu, and then select **Account Settings**.
2. Select **Outgoing Server (SMTP)** in the directory tree.
3. Select the SMTP server that you want to change, and then click the **Edit** button beside it.
4. On the **SMTP Server** page, click the **Use name and password** checkbox.
5. Enter your user name in the **User Name** field. (Remember, this is your full email address.)
6. Click **OK**, and then click **Ok** again.
7. Try sending your mail.

Setting or changing SMTP ports

SMTP uses port 25 to do this. Some service providers block port 25 for security reasons.

If you experience problems with your outgoing mail while trying to configure your account, you can try switching the SMTP port setting to 587 or 8025.

Note: If you travel with a laptop, you may want to either note these ports or set them as your SMTP port in order to avoid connectivity problems.

Mail (Mac OS.X)

1. From the **Mail** menu, select **Preferences**.
2. Click **Accounts** in the menu bar.

3. Ensure that the **Account Information** tab is selected. If not, click on it to select it.
4. From the **Outgoing Mail Server (SMTP)** drop-down list, choose **Edit SMTP Server List**.
5. Select the line that contains your email server name, and then click the **Advanced** tab
6. Select **Use custom port** and enter **587** in the entry box.
7. If there is a checkmark in the box labeled **Use Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)**, click the box to remove the checkmark.
8. Click **OK**.
9. Close the **Accounts** page.
10. Try sending your mail.

Note: If you still cannot send mail, repeat these steps, substituting **8025** for the SMTP port. If this does not solve your problem, contact your provider for assistance.

MSOffice Outlook 2007

1. Click the **Tools** menu, and then select **Account Settings**.
2. Double-click the account for which you want to edit the SMTP settings. The **Change E-mail Account** page opens.
3. Click **More Settings**.
4. Click the **Advanced** tab.
5. In the **Outgoing mail (SMTP) field**, type **587**.
6. Click **OK**, and then click **Next**.
7. Click **Finish**, and then click **Close**.
8. Try sending your mail.

Note: If you still cannot send mail, repeat these steps, substituting **8025** for the SMTP port. If this does not solve your problem, contact your provider for assistance.

MSOutlook Express

1. Click the **Tools** menu, and then select **Accounts**.
2. Click the **Mail** tab and highlight the account for which you want to edit the SMTP settings.
3. Click the **Properties** button.
4. Click the **Advanced** tab.
5. In the **Outgoing mail (SMTP) field**, type **587**.
6. Click **OK**, and then click **Close**.
7. Try sending your mail.

Note: If you still cannot send mail, repeat these steps, substituting **8025** for the SMTP port. If this does not solve your problem, contact your provider for assistance.

Thunderbird

1. Click the **Tool** menu, and then select **Account Settings**.
2. Select **Outgoing Server (SMTP)** in the directory tree.
3. Select the SMTP server that you want to change, and then click the **Edit** button beside it.
4. On the **SMTP Server** page, change **Port** to **587**.
5. Click **OK**, and then click **Ok** again.
6. Try sending your mail.

Note: If you still cannot send mail, repeat these steps, substituting **8025** for the SMTP port. If this does not solve your problem, contact your provider for assistance.